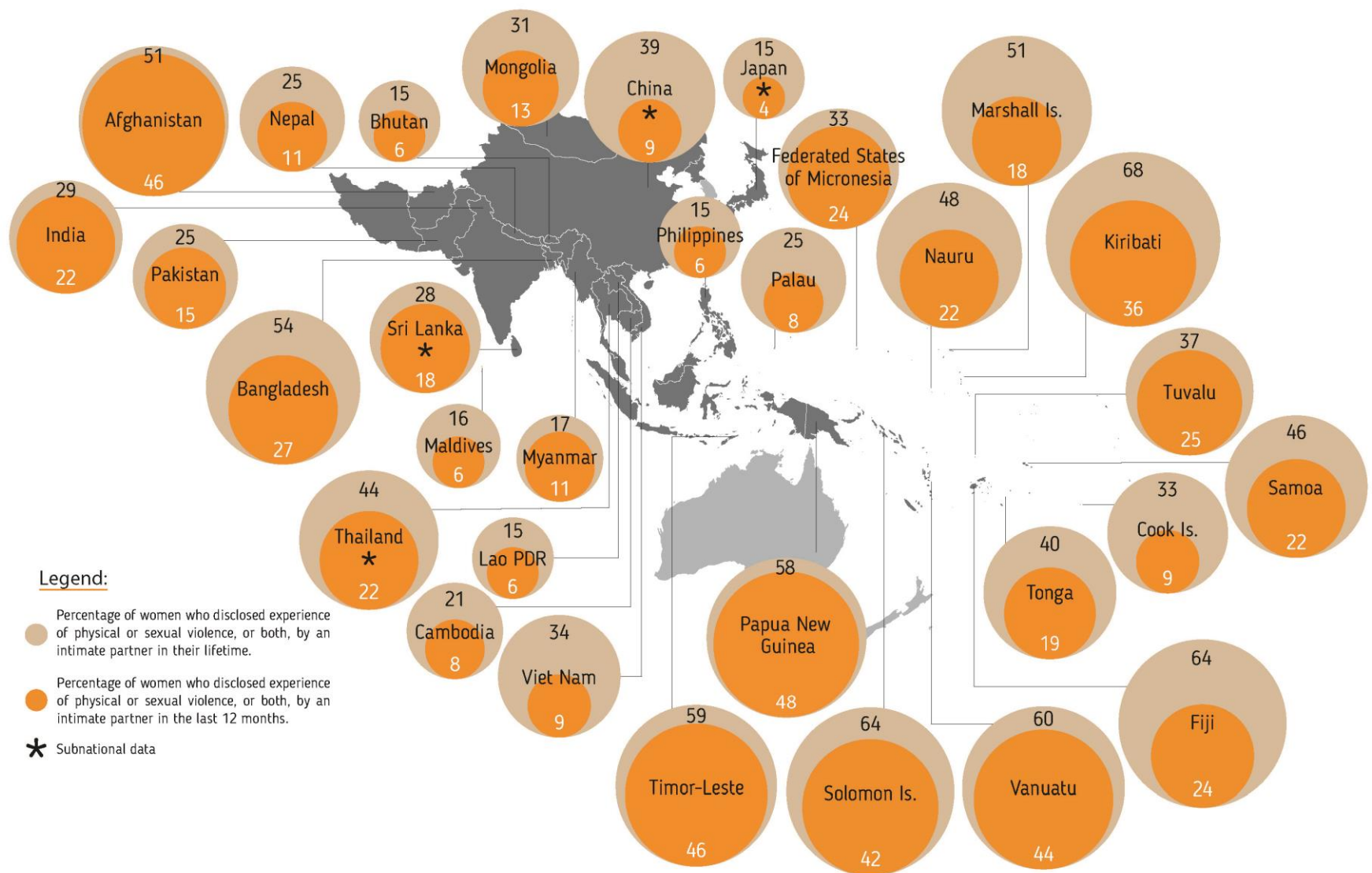# kNOwVAWdata COURSE:

AN INNOVATIVE MODEL FOR IMPROVING SKILLS OF NATIONAL STATISTICAL OFFICES TO MEASURE AND MONITOR VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN IN ASIA AND THE PACIFIC

ESCAP Statistics Week
"Skills for the 21st Century"
16 June, 2020

Dr. Kristin Diemer
Senior research fellow,
University of Melbourne &
kNOwVAWdata course
co-convener

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kNOwVAWdata
measuring prevalence of violence
against women in asia-pacific

kNOwVAWdata
measuring prevalence of violence
against women in asia-pacific

51
Afghanistan
46

25
Nepal
11

15
Bhutan
6

31
Mongolia
13

39
China
*
9

15
Japan
*
4

51
Marshall Is.
18

33
Federated States
of Micronesia
24

68
Kiribati
36

29
India
22

25
Pakistan
15

48
Nauru
22

15
Philippines
6

25
Palau
8

37
Tuvalu
25

54
Bangladesh
27

28
Sri Lanka
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18

16
Maldives
6

17
Myanmar
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46
Samoa
22

33
Cook Is.
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44
Thailand
*
22

15
Lao PDR
6

40
Tonga
19

64
Fiji
24

21
Cambodia
8

34
Viet Nam
9

58
Papua New
Guinea
48

60
Vanuatu
44

59
Timor-Leste
46

64
Solomon Is.
42

Legend:

Percentage of women who disclosed experience
of physical or sexual violence, or both, by an
intimate partner in their lifetime.

Percentage of women who disclosed experience
of physical or sexual violence, or both, by an
intimate partner in the last 12 months.

* Subnational data

WOMEN WHO EXPERIENCE INTIMATE PARTNER VIOLENCE, 2000 – 2019
UNFPA Asia and the Pacific Region

1 | THE NEED FOR DATA

VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN PREVALENCE DATA:

> **Should be reliable, comparable & ethical**

> **Justify, inform & monitor effective, equitable prevention & response efforts**

> **Increasing demand due to Sustainable Development Goal 5 for Gender Equality**

> **Substantially lacking due to technical capacities**

SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS

5 GENDER EQUALITY

Target 5.2
"Eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls in the public and private spheres, including trafficking and sexual and other types of exploitation"

Indicators 5.2.1 + 5.2.2
For collection of violence against women prevalence data

3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING   **4 QUALITY EDUCATION**   **10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES**   **11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES**   **16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS**   **17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS**

2 | A SOLUTION FOR ASIA-PACIFIC

HOW DOES THE kNOwVAWdata INITIATIVE SOLVE THESE CHALLENGES?

Technical support to national violence against women prevalence studies

+

Development, implementation and roll out of kNOwVAWdata course curriculum on violence against women data collection
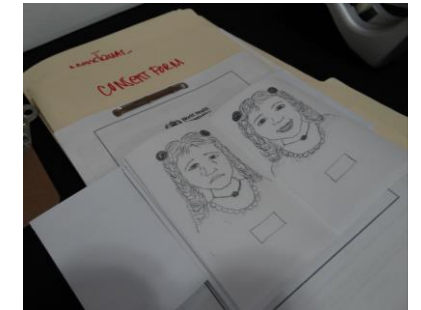
+

Formation of a network of violence against women data professionals for peer support and mentoring

+

Knowledge capture and sharing

=

Sustainable way to understand how many women experience violence, in which ways, and where; and the ability to monitor SDG 5

3 | kNOwVAWdata COURSE

The only course of its kind that leaves participants with the technical and practical ability to undertake VAW prevalence surveys in their countries.

The most valuable investment to ensure ethical, robust and reliable measurement of violence against women.

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3 | kNOwVAWdata COURSE: 2019

> **PILOTED IN 2018, RUN AS A FULL-FEE COURSE IN 2019.**

85
of applicants & expressions of interest

43
of participants

11
of countries represented

4 | WHO SHOULD PARTICIPATE?

PARTICIPANTS

> **Professionals currently or soon to conduct violence against women prevalence surveys in their countries.**

> Representatives from national statistical offices and other state institutions, researchers, academics, students & civil society practitioners.

> Experienced and inexperienced researchers.

> Same country, different organisations.

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5 | COURSE STRUCTURE

o **4 weeks**
o **Two 2-week blocks**

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Module 1 | Week 1

o Introduction to key concepts

o Gender sensitisation

o Forms of data for researching violence against women

o Data literacy

Module 2 | Week 2

o Planning and implementing a survey

Module 3 | Week 3

o Analysing data

o Looking beyond prevalence surveys:

Other ways of measuring violence against women prevalence

Module 4 | Week 4

o From data to action:

Interpreting and reporting on violence against women for policy and practice

> **Instructors draw upon actual studies and prior experiences of course participants to illustrate real-life examples.**

> **A key component of the course is the application of knowledge through the development of individual or country research protocols.**

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5 | COURSE STRUCTURE

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6 | REPLICATION & SUSTAINABILITY

4

Exploring funding models & fellowships for participants from low income countries

2

Open source course materials with adaptation guidelines

1

Embed course in University of Melbourne course work

3

Partner with more academic institutions in the region and beyond

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7 | RESULTS

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