

## **ASIA PACIFIC FORUM FOR SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT**

**Theme: Towards the 2023 SDGs Summit**

### **Agenda Item 3**

#### **Country Statement**

**Bangkok, Monday, 27 March 2023, 14:00 - 17:00 (GMT +7)**

Reference document: [https://www.unescap.org/sites/default/d8files/event-documents/ESCAP\\_RFSD2023\\_3.pdf](https://www.unescap.org/sites/default/d8files/event-documents/ESCAP_RFSD2023_3.pdf)

Thank you, Chair

Indonesia notes with concern that progress towards the attainment of the SDGs in the Asia Pacific region has been slow. While we are pleased to note that there has been significant national progress across the 17 Goals in the region, such as in Goal 7 on Affordable and Clean Energy and Goal 9 on Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure, we are also cognizant that much remains to be done.

In the case of Indonesia, the Central and Local Governments are working simultaneously to speed up SDGs implementation, especially at the sub-national level.

- ➔ Out of 38 provinces in the country, 32 have enacted Regional Action Plans whilst two (2) others are nearing completion.
- ➔ The government is also pursuing for four other provinces to start formulating their own Regional Action Plans.
- ➔ In addition to these efforts, the local governments also submit monitoring and evaluation reports on the SDGs implementation in their regions.

Indonesia is strongly committed to the attainment of the SDGs.

Every year, the Ministry of National Development Planning as the SDGs Coordinator also submits an annual report on the SDGs progress in Indonesia to the President.

➔ In this context, Indonesia has made significant progress on Goals related to the environment and the economic pillars, which reached up to 80.70% and 63% respectively.

Mr. Chair,

The 2023 SDG Summit in September will mark the mid-point of the implementation of the 2030 Agenda. It is therefore pertinent that the Summit be used as an opportunity to further galvanize political support at the highest level possible, in order to accelerate the attainment of the SDGs by 2030.

This includes ensuring the provision of its means of implementation, particularly for developing countries, through:

- ➔ SDGs financing, including innovative financing, and climate finance
- ➔ capacity development
- ➔ technology and knowledge transfer
- ➔ science, technology and innovation
- ➔ enhanced international and multi-stakeholder partnership.

Indonesia looks forward to working with other countries and relevant stakeholders in accelerating the implementation of the 2030 Agenda. I thank you.

**Word Count: 335**