



Political commitment to integrated implementation & reporting



2015 – committed to SDGs, called for integrated implementation & reporting on global & regional sustainable development commitments

- Contextualise
- Integrate implementation & reporting
- Reduce reporting



2017 – endorsed the <u>Pacific</u> <u>Roadmap for sustainable</u> <u>Development</u>







2018 – endorsed the <u>1st Quadrennial Pacific</u> <u>Sustainable Development Report</u>





Sustainable Development Regional Reporting



Establishing/strengthening national & regional leadership &coordination mechanisms for sustainable development (National Plans/SDGs/SAMOA Pathway/FPR) implementation & monitoring



REGIONAL PRIORITIES, MONITORING & INDICATORS

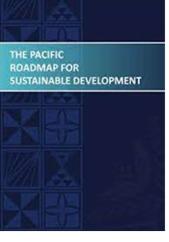
Regional Priorities established and monitored regionally through Initial Regional set of Sustainable Development Indicators

INTEGRATED REPORTING

Integrated regional Process of Follow up and Review for SDGs/SAMOA Pathway/FPR & PLGED through the 4 yearly Pacific Sustainable Development Report

SUPPORTING IMPLEMENTATION

Coordinated regional support to countries to assess/map the Means of Implementation, tailor SDGs targets/indicators in national development plans/budgets, strengthen national statistical systems & help deliver & report on SDGs/SAMOA Pathway/FPR



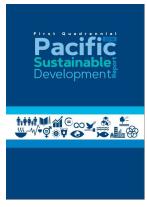




Pacific Sustainable Development Regional Reporting

2017 2018

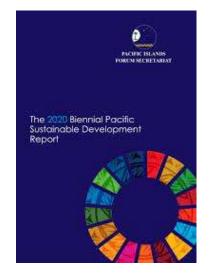








2020



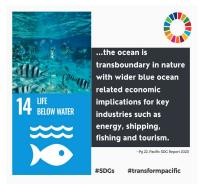
2022

Second
Quadrennial
2022 Pacific
Sustainable
Development
Report



2020 Biennial Report





- Theme of people, blue pacific identity, 2050 strategy & 2030 achievement, impacts of CVOID-19
- 2. Nine Action Areas updated in 2020.
 - addressing vulnerability and increasing inequality;
 - tackling gender gaps and high youth unemployment;
 - continuing to promote sustainable and equitable economic growth;
 - intensifying multi-sector efforts with increased finance to address non-communicable diseases;
 - strengthening efforts to tackle the dual threats of climate change and disasters;
 - addressing the consequences of population growth and poor waste management practices;
 - continuing to address de-risking issues and the high cost of sending remittances;
 - More effective use of existing and new finance and stronger coordination; and
 - increasing investment in the collection and use of timely and accurate disaggregated data.
- 3. Continue work on Pacific Leaders Gender Equality Declaration



Importance of Regional Reporting

Evidence-based Decision Making

- Inform Leaders on regional progress & issues and influence decisions on Pacific priorities and resource allocation
- Inform Pacific ministers, officials, development partners (including UN and regional organisations) and Pacific public on regional trends to help inform regional and national prioritisation, resource allocations and implementation

Advocacy and Engagement

 Pacific regional report for the Asia Pacific SDGs Report & the Global Sustainable Report (every 4 years) for the High-Level Political Forum at the UNGA

Accountability

Public <u>accountability to the Pacific People</u>



Second Quadrennial Pacific Sustainable Development Regional Reporting

- The Second Quadrennial Pacific Sustainable Development Report will highlight the challenges and opportunities of implementation in the Pacific within the context of the COVID-19 pandemic.
- The COVID-19 pandemic has an impact on all 17 SDGs and has shown that what began as a health crisis has quickly become a human and socio-economic crisis.
- While the crisis is impacting progress towards the SDGs, it also makes their achievement all the more urgent and necessary.
- What are the opportunities that have been identified within the context of COVID-19 – Building back greener!
- 2050 Strategy for the Blue Pacific Continent.



Sustainable Development Regional Reporting

Prepared collectively by the Pacific region

- CROP, UN System, Development Partners, NSA
- The Regional Reporting maintain and strengthen the relationship between partners and ensure a coordinated approach across planning and the M&E and reporting aspects of the regional efforts.
- Builds on previous reporting

- Voluntary National Reviews
- Country Data sets compiled by SPC using available data including from national data and other data sources – multilateral banks, SPREP, FFA, UN agencies.
- Regional Sustainable
 Development Briefs developed jointly by CROP and UN agencies to help support the drafting of the regional report.
- Other global and regional datasets and publications World Bank, IMF, ADB, FFA, SPREP, PIFS, ESCAP, UNDP, WHO, FAO etc



Sustainable Development Regional Reporting

Type of report

High Level Trends report on overall progress NOT a goal-by-goal assessment.

Main Audiences

- 1. Pacific Leaders (every 4 years)
- 2. Government Ministers, Officials and development partners (including regional and UN organisations)
- 3. Pacific Public
- 4. Regional and global audience



VINAKA



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